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## GNSS Guidance Update

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**GPS/GNSS**

### Why do we need precision?

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**Shielded spraying**

### Offset/interrow sowing



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### Accurate bed formation

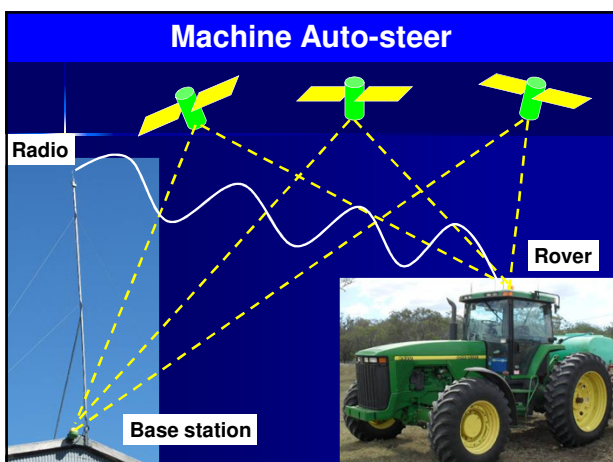


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### Maximise # beds / pdk



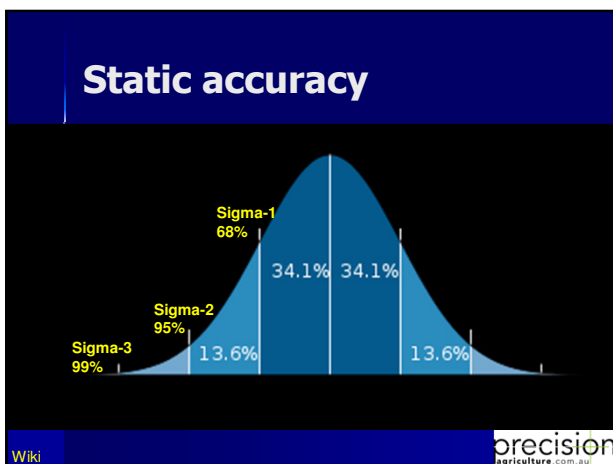
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### RTK Static accuracy

- JD +/- 1" 68% (Sigma-1) within 6 miles (10k) of base
- Trimble <1" Sigma-2
- Leica +/-5cm 99% (Sigma-3) within 6.5km of base

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### Signal Accuracy at StarFire Receiver

- RTK sub-inch\*
- SF2 +/- 4 in.\*\*

**Vehicle Factors**

- Vehicle Platform
- Proper Setup (Inflated tires, pressure, etc.)
- Gain Adjustment

**Implement Factors**

- Integral or Drawn
- Draft Load
- Proper Setup

**Field Conditions**

- Soft or Hard Soils
- Soil Profile (rough or smooth)
- Compaction (moisture levels, etc.)

www.deere.com

\*Within 6 miles of base station and 60% of time  
\*\*15 minute (Pass to Pass) Accuracy 90% of time

For a detailed listing of these factors, please refer to DTAC solution 59591

### Can I talk to other base stations?

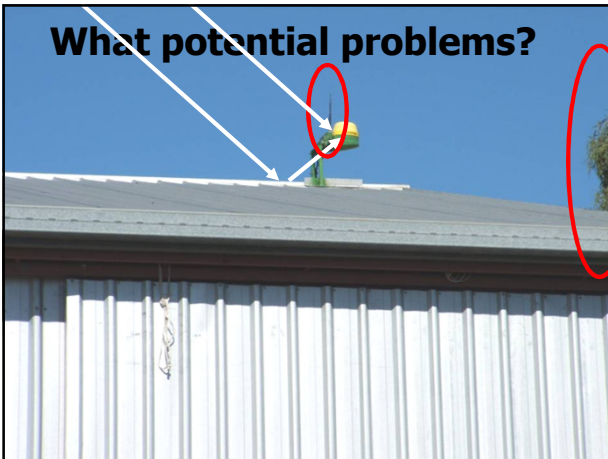
- Generally not, unless they are of the same company
- Manufacturers make sure you can't:
  - Proprietary communication formats
  - Radio differences
  - Hopping frequencies
  - Authorisation codes
  - Support

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### Radios

- UHF high powered (eg. Farmscan), 35W 300-3000MHZ
- UHF (Spread spectrum) low power, 1W 900MHZ (Leica, JD, Trimble)
- VHF 30-300MHZ (eg Trimble)
- Range from 6km to 25km

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### What normally goes wrong?

- Setup and tuning (operator error)
- Machine tracking issues
- Lose GPS contact
  - Poor DOP (Dilution of precision), trees, time of day – or lack of sats, solar flares
- Lose Radio contact
  - Base station range and signal degradation, trees, etc
- Hardware failure (relatively rare)
- Software glitches (common)
- Accidents (becoming common)

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### Dilution of precision (DOP)

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### Terrain

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### Steering options

From factory - CANBUS

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### Steering options

3<sup>rd</sup> party aftermarket hydraulic

### Steering options

Steer assist (ATU, QuickSteer, TopCon or EZ-steer)

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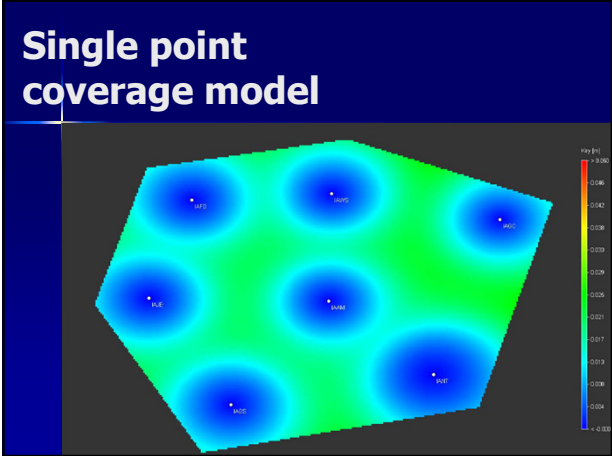
### Steering options

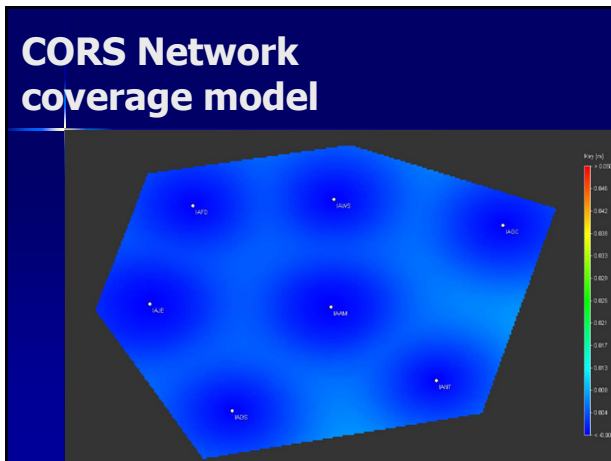
Implement steer

### What is CORS?

- Continually Operating Reference Station "Network" or NRTK
- Different to shared base station "arrays"
- Uses data from 3-6 base stations around the user (typically up to 70km apart) to a central processing centre
- NRTK data streamed direct to user using mobile phone/internet (NextG in Aust)
- Happens in <1 second

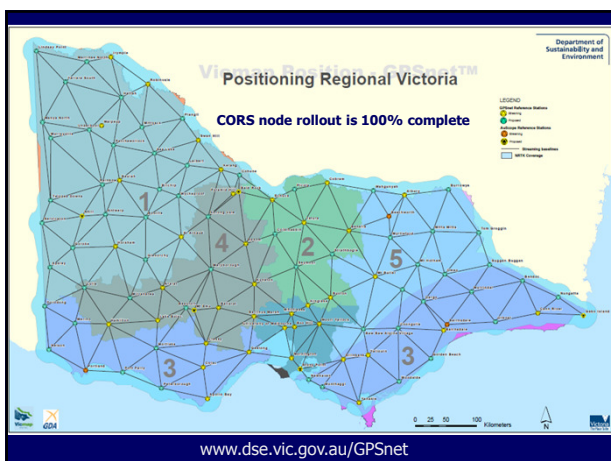
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- ### Advantages for Ag
- Open format – RTCM & CMR+
  - Increased coverage @ 70km apart
  - Reliability and redundancy
  - Higher accuracy
  - Less capital invested from ag
  - Other users can help pay (e.g. mining, construction, surveying, government)
  - Easier for contractors (in the future)

- ### Issues for Ag
- NextG coverage
  - Relying on internet/connectivity
  - Telstra = high data costs
  - Lack of national pricing policy
  - Difficulty in working with governments/private partnerships
  - Needs a commercial national approach
  - Not all companies can/want to connect




## Cost?

- Pricing varies between states
- "Surveyor" model → need ag model
- Subscription fees range from \$0.60/hr through to \$2000/yr/unit
- Data plans around \$39/month for moderate-heavy usage




## Summary -What should you buy?



- RTK is best option
- Definitely DUAL frequency
- CORS and GNSS compliant
- Trimble, Autofarm, Leica, JD, Topcon
- Best support offered





## Some observations






**Conventional**





**CTF**

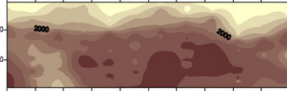



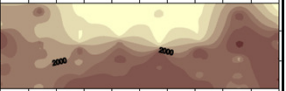
## Some observations



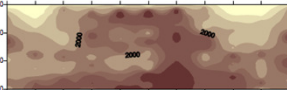
**Conventional**

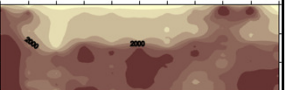


**CTF**






**Post – planting soil resistance**











**Post – harvest soil resistance**


## Some observations



## Current TIAR Project



**Demonstration of CTF potatoes at FRDS**

- Cultivation prepared Jun 08
- Potatoes sown Nov 08 - standard row spacing, various densities, 2 m wheel tracks
- Harvest Mar 09

